

SOT-23 Plastic-Encapsulate Bias Resistor Transistors

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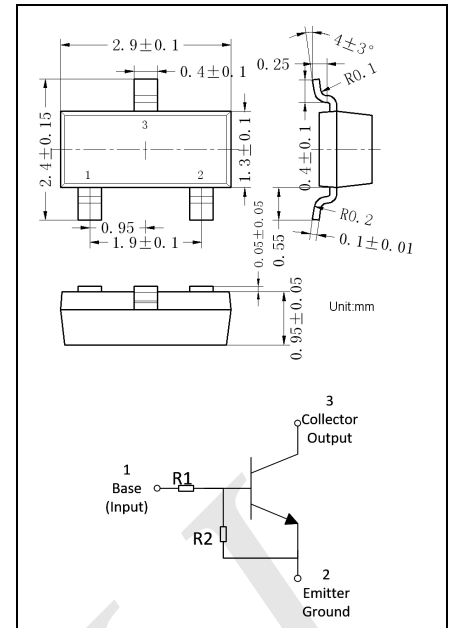
NPN Silicon Surface Mount Transistor with Monolithic Bias Resistor Network

Features

- Simplifies Circuit Design
- Reduces Board Space and Component Count

Marking: A8J

R1=4.7k, R2=4.7k



Description

This new series of digital transistors is designed to replace a single device and its external resistor bias network. The BRT (Bias Resistor Transistor) contains a single transistor with a monolithic bias network consisting of two resistors; a series base resistor and a base-emitter resistor. The BRT eliminates these individual components by integrating them into a single device. The use of a BRT can reduce both system cost and board space. The device is housed in the SOT-23 package, which is designed for low power surface mount applications.

Maximum Ratings ($T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V_{CBO}	Collector base voltage	50	V
V_{CEO}	Collector emitter voltage	50	V
I_c	Collector current	100	mA
P_D	Total Power Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	246	mW
	¹⁾ Derate above 25°C	1.5	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

Note

1. Device mounted on a FR-4 glass epoxy printed circuit board using the minimum recommended footprint.

Thermal Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance - Junction-to-Ambient ¹⁾	508	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
T_J, T_{stg}	Operating and Storage Temperature Range	- 55 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_L	Maximum Temperature for Soldering Purposes,	260	$^\circ\text{C}$
	Time in Solder Bath	10	Sec

Electrical Characteristics ($T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Off Characteristics						
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$	50			V
$V_{(BR)CEO}$	Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ²⁾	$I_C = 2.0 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0$	50			V
I_{CBO}	Collector-base cut-off current	$V_{CB} = 50\text{V}, I_E = 0$			0.1	μA
I_{CEO}	Collector-emitter cut-off current	$V_{CE} = 30\text{V}, I_B = 0$			0.5	μA
I_{EBO}	Emitter-base cut-off current	$V_{EB} = 6\text{V}, I_C = 0$			1.5	mA
h_{FE}	DC current gain	$V_{CE} = 10\text{V}, I_C = 5\text{mA}$	15		30	
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 10\text{mA}, I_B = 1\text{mA}$			0.25	V
On Characteristics						
V_{OL}	Output Voltage (on)	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}, V_B = 2.5\text{V}, R_L = 1.0\text{k}\Omega$			0.2	V
V_{OH}	Output Voltage (off)	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}, V_B = 0.5\text{V}, R_L = 1.0\text{k}\Omega$	3.3	4.7	6.1	V
R_1	Input Resistor		7	10	13	$\text{k}\Omega$
R_1/R_2	Resistor Ratio		0.8	1.0	1.2	

2. Pulse Test: Pulse Width < 300 μs , Duty Cycle < 2.0%.

Typical Applications For NPN BRTs

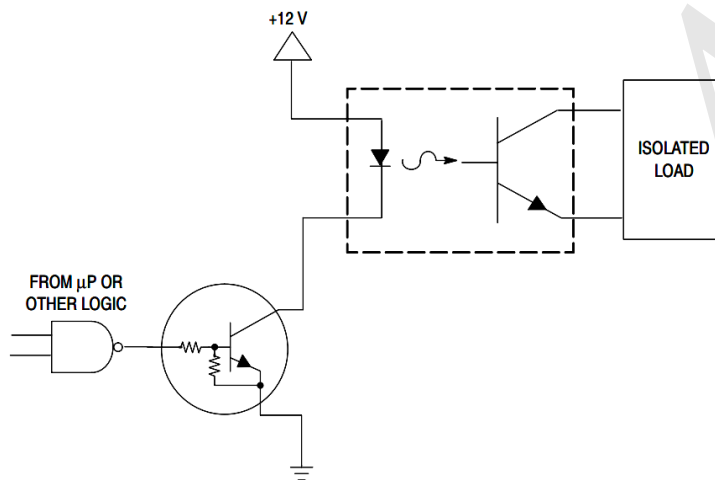


Figure 1. Level Shifter: Connects 12 or 24 Volt Circuits to Logic

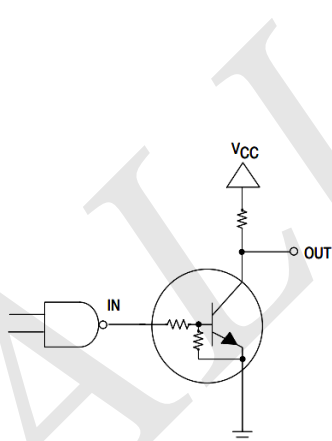


Figure 2. Open Collector Inverter: Inverts the Input Signal

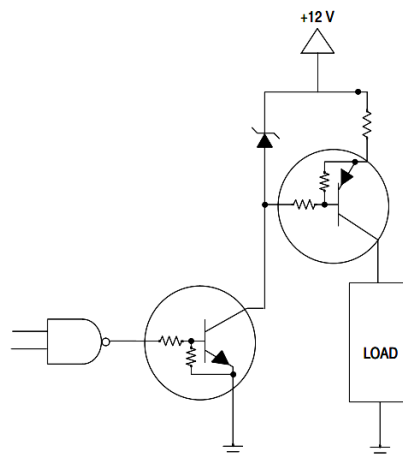


Figure 3. Inexpensive, Unregulated Current Source

Typical Characteristics

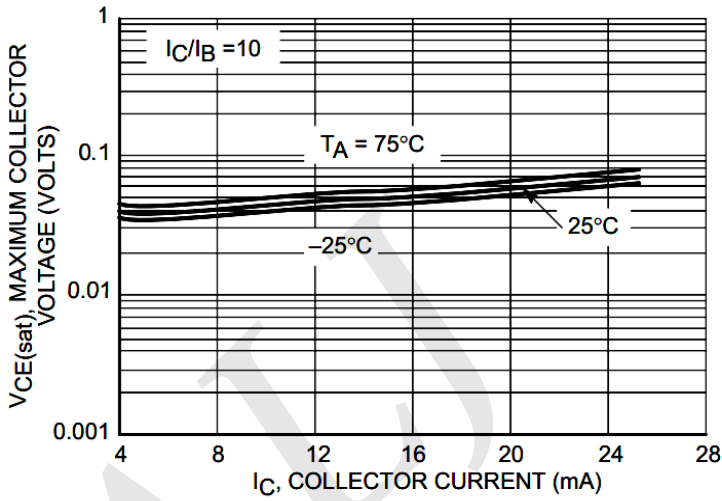


Figure 4. $V_{CE(sat)}$ vs. I_C

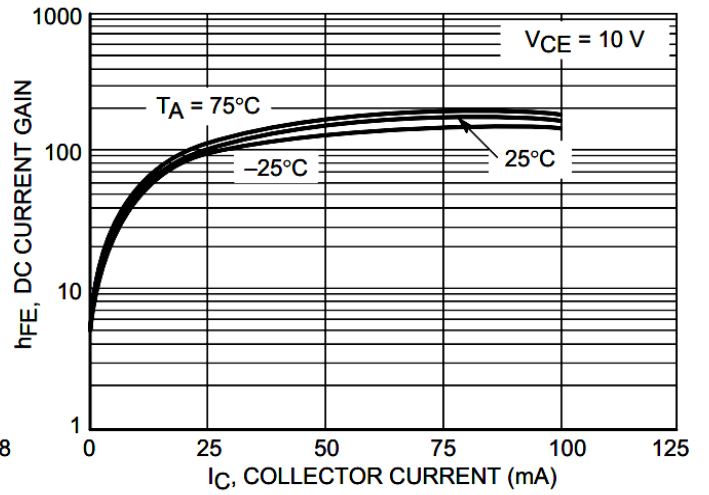


Figure 5. DC Current Gain

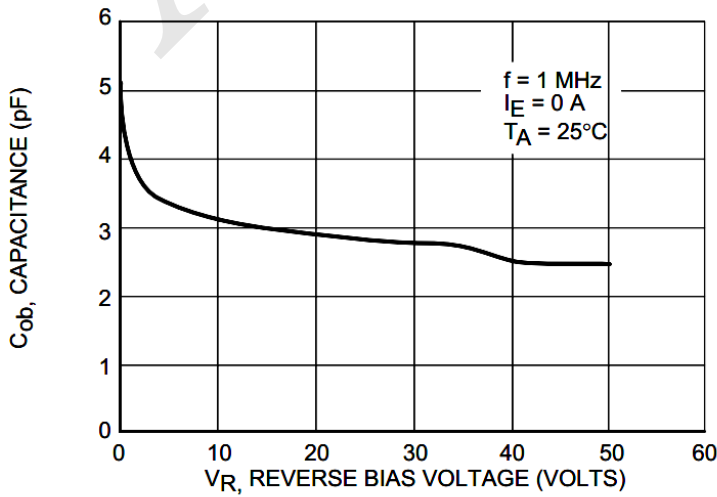


Figure 6. Output Capacitance

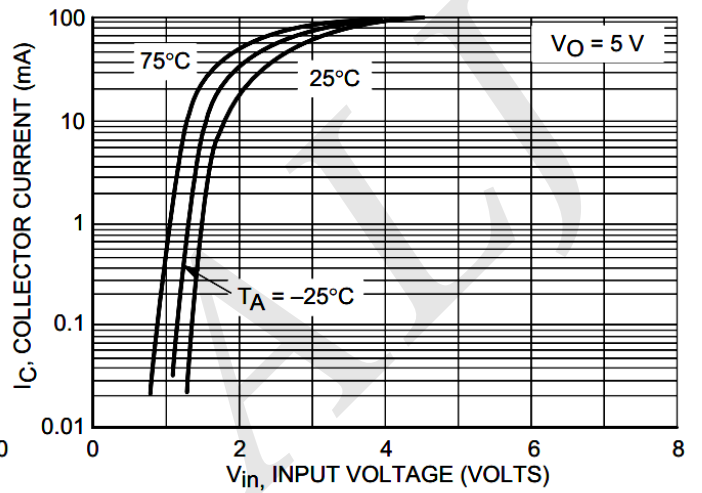


Figure 7. Output Current vs. Input Voltage

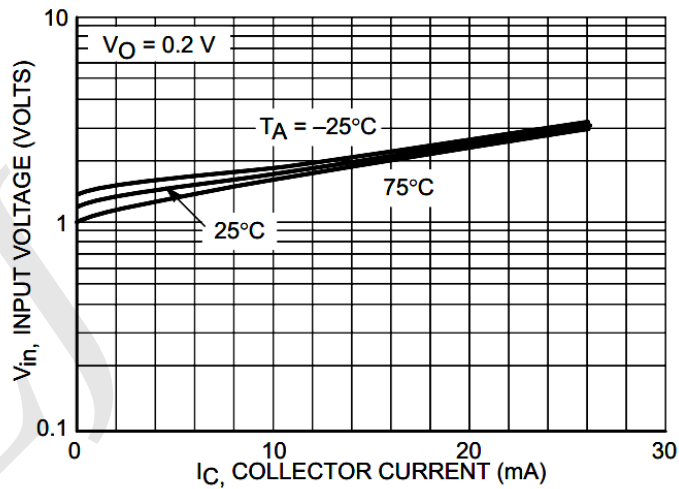


Figure 8. Output Voltage vs. Input Current